

Investment objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek significant long-term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio comprising of equities and equity-related securities in both the domestic and international stock markets. The Fund is suitable for investors who are risk-seekers and having a medium- to long-term investment horizon.

Fund facts

Investment Manager: SBM Mauritius Asset Managers Ltd

Fund Administrator: SBM Fund Services Ltd

Registry and Transfer Agent: SBM Fund Services Ltd

Custody: SBM Bank (Mauritius) Ltd

Auditor: Deloitte Mauritius

Benchmark: 40% SEMTRI + 60% MSCI AC World index*

Distribution: Subject to distributable income

Investor profile: Growth / Aggressive

Inception date: 4 Feb 2016

Fund size: MUR 180.5M

Base currency: MUR

Minimum one-off investment: MUR 2,000

Minimum monthly investment plan: MUR 500

Management fee: 1.00% p.a.

Entry fee: 1.00%

Exit fee: 1% up to Y2 | 0.75% in Y3 | 0.5% in Y4 | 0.25% in Y5 | Nil after Y5

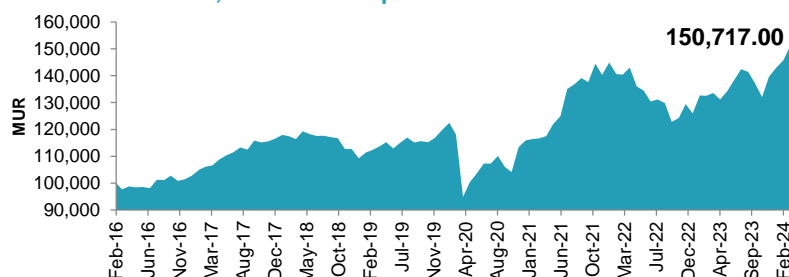
*Applicable as from Jul-2021. Previous Benchmark: 60% SEMTRI + 40% MSCI AC World Index

Performance

Period	1M	3M	YTD	1Y	3Y	5Y	Launch	Annualised	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Fund	3.5%	8.0%	5.4%	13.7%	29.2%	34.2%	50.7%	5.2%	6.0%	-3.5%	26.0%	-6.7%	-2.2%	5.5%
Benchmark	3.7%	8.2%	5.7%	15.1%	39.7%	41.4%	84.5%	7.9%	7.7%	-0.4%	26.1%	-7.0%	1.3%	8.7%

Note: Fund performance is calculated on indicative NAV to NAV. The performance of the index is based on a blended benchmark consisting of 60% MSCI AC World index (MUR) and 40% SEMTRI, and rebalanced monthly. The benchmark return is computed in MUR terms. Annual returns are for the financial year of the Fund, that is, June. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Growth of MUR 100,000 since inception



Fund statistics

Period	1Y	3Y	5Y	Launch
Correlation	0.98	0.99	0.99	0.98
Regression alpha (%)	13.75	-2.88	-1.05	-3.72
Beta	0.00	0.95	0.95	0.96
Annualised volatility	9.9%	11.0%	13.9%	11.4%
Annualised tracking error	2.1%	1.8%	2.1%	2.2%

Relative metrics such as alpha, beta and tracking error are computed against the composite index.

Asset allocation

Asset class	% Fund	Top 5 countries	% Fund	Top currency	% Fund
International Equities	62.4%	Mauritius	36.4%	Mauritian Rupee	33.6%
Domestic Equities	36.4%	United States of America	35.9%	US Dollar	60.8%
Cash	1.2%	Japan	4.9%	Euro	5.6%
Total	100.0%	India	4.4%	Total	100.0%
		France	2.1%		
		Total	83.7%		

Domestic sectors	% Fund
Banking & Insurance	18.9%
Commerce	4.9%
Industry	3.8%
Investment	4.1%
Leisure & Tourism	3.0%
Property	1.7%
Total	36.4%

Top 10 international industries	% Fund
Semiconductors & Equipment	7.4%
Software & Services	6.0%
Pharmaceuticals, Biotech & Life Sciences	5.8%
Financial Services	5.3%
Capital Goods	4.9%
Banks	4.3%
Media & Entertainment	3.4%
Technology Hardware & Equipment	3.0%
Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Retail	2.7%
Materials	2.5%
Total	45.3%

Asset allocation (continued)

Top 10 holdings	% Fund
MCB Group Ltd	13.0%
SBM India Fund - Class A	4.0%
IBL Ltd	4.0%
Nomura Funds Ireland Public Limited Company - Japan Strategic Val	3.6%
Vanguard TOT World STK ETF	3.5%
SBM Holdings Ltd	3.4%
Amundi US Pioneer Fund	3.0%
Vanguard S&P 500 ETF	2.8%
iShares MSCI ACWI ETF	2.7%
iShare Core MSCI World UCITS	2.7%
Total	42.7%

Top 10 international holdings *	% Fund
Microsoft Corp	2.5%
NVIDIA Corp	2.2%
Berkshire Hathaway Inc - Class B	2.1%
Apple Inc.	1.7%
Amazon.com Inc	1.3%
Alphabet Inc - Class A	1.0%
Novo Nordisk A/S-B	0.8%
Meta Platforms Inc - Class A	0.7%
Eli Lilly & Co	0.7%
ASML Holding NV	0.6%
Total	13.6%

* Look-through of foreign investments

Market comments

The Net Asset Value per unit (NAV) of the Fund rose from MUR 14.57 in January to MUR 15.07 in February, equivalent to a return of 3.5% compared to a benchmark return of 3.7%.

Local indices posted contrasting performances in February with the SEMDEX inching higher to reach 2,065.79 points while the DEMEX headed south to close at 267.23 points, equivalent to respective returns of +0.7% and -0.2%. The main leaders, that is, companies which contribute to the positive performances of the SEMDEX were MCBG, IBLL and SUN while the main laggards were LUX, SBMH and NMHL. The top price gainers were SUN (+5.8%), CIM (+3.8%) and MCBG (+3.2%) while the main detractors were ASL (-21.0%), CAUDAN (-11.8%) and LUX (-7.7%). The price-earnings ratio and dividend yield of the SEMDEX stood at 6.59x and 4.22%, respectively as at 29 February against corresponding figures of 6.53x and 4.27%, as at January 2024. Foreigners remained net seller on the local bourse with foreign flows to the tune of MUR 135.8M (vs. MUR 102.0M in Jan-24). PBL was the main driver behind net foreign sales, followed by MCBG and NMHL.

International equity markets registered a fourth straight month of gains amidst expectations of a "Goldilocks" scenario, fading US recession fears and signs of improvement in the euro zone economy; the MSCI World index added 4.1% MoM. The Fed's preferred gauge of inflation came in line with forecasts, increasing the probability that the Fed would lower interest rates by June.

The S&P 500 index notched an all-time high, buoyed by tech stocks; the index gained 5.2% MoM. All the major industry groups recorded positive returns led by Consumer Discretionary, Industrials and Materials. Growth stocks outperformed their value counterparts, with the S&P Growth index registering 7.2% against 2.8% for the S&P Value index. Manufacturing activity improved after the S&P Global US Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) clocked 52.2 in February against 50.7 in January. The upturn in operating activity stemmed from favourable demand conditions, uptick in workforce and new order inflow rising at its sharpest rate since May 2022.

The Eurostoxx 50 index added 4.9% MoM, supported by corporate earnings. The DAX 30 and CAC 40 indices recorded respective performances of 4.6% and 3.5% while the FTSE MIB index posted 6.0%. PMI signalled the second-slowest deterioration in operating conditions as the downturn in demand cooled for a fourth consecutive month, with new orders declining at the slowest rate since March 2023. The headline index edged down to 46.5 in February against 46.6 in January. UK equities continued to lag its global peers after the FTSE 100 index registered a flat performance in February. Manufacturing output growth remained in the sub-50 mark for the twelve consecutive month as weak demand from both the domestic and overseas markets adversely impacted output and new order intakes; PMI stood at 47.5 in February (January 2024: 47.0).

In Japan, the Nikkei 225 index gained 7.9% MoM, breaching levels last seen in 1989 and closing near the 40,000 mark. February's PMI reading of 47.2 (versus 48.0 in January) indicated another month of deteriorating operating conditions amid depressed demand in both domestic and overseas markets. On the supply front, delivery times lengthened amid logistical disruptions caused by the Red Sea crisis as well as machinery shutdowns. However, while price pressures remained elevated on account of higher raw material, energy and labour costs, input cost inflation eased to a seven-month low.

Emerging markets' equities outperformed developed markets after the MSCI Emerging Markets index posted 4.6% in February. The CSI 300 index recorded the best monthly performance among broad market indices, rallying by 9.4% in local currency and 9.1% in USD. Growth in the Chinese manufacturing activity was supported by sustained upturns in both production and new export orders; PMI ticked up from 50.8 in January to 50.9 in February. In India, the BSE Sensex index registered 1.0% MoM. Manufacturing output growth remained strong, fuelled by the sharpest expansion in new export orders in 21 months. PMI rose from 56.5 in January to 56.9 in February, reflecting the uptick in growth momentum amid robust demand and positive business conditions.

Contact

SBM Mauritius Asset Managers Ltd
 Level 3, Lot15A3, Hyvec Business Park,
 Wall Street, Ebene Cybercity 72201
 Republic of Mauritius
 Tel: (+230) 202 11 11 | 202 17 35 | 202 46 42
 Fax: (+230) 210 33 69
 E-mail: sbm.assetm@sbmgroup.mu
 For price updates on this fund, please see: <https://nbfc.sbmgroup.mu/asset-management>

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